

Roseann C. Schaaf¹

¹Jefferson Autism Center of Excellence, College of Rehabilitation Sciences, Thomas Jefferson University ² Swank Autism Center, Nemours Children's Health

Abstract

Objective: Explore the preliminary outcomes associated with an interdisciplinary sensory friendly vaccine clinic for autistic youth. **Brief Methodology:** Single-group pre-post, mixed-methods. **Participants:** n = 13 families of children with autism **Results:** High levels of satisfaction and acceptability reported. **Conclusion:** Interdisciplinary collaborations in implementing sensory friendly healthcare can benefit autistic children and their families.

Background

- Autistic individuals often experience hyper- and hypo- \bullet sensitivity to sensory stimuli and poor sensory integration.^{1,2}
- Healthcare visits can be challenging for autistic individuals due to the sensory characteristics of clinical environments.³⁻⁵
- Sensory adaptations within clinical environments and interprofessional collaboration can be beneficial
- Limited research has been conducted related to the experience of autistic children receiving vaccinations in clinical settings.^{3,4,6}

Participants (n = 13)

- Age range = 5-10 years
- Majority of sample: White (n = 9), non-Hispanic (n = 11)
- The most common primary method of communication was spoken language (n = 9), followed by communication device (n = 3).
- Caregivers reported a variety of sensory needs during ulletscreening (Figure 1).



Figure 1. Percentage of registered participants with each identified sensory need.

Preliminary Outcomes of a Sensory Friendly Vaccine Clinic for Autistic Children Molly M. Weaver¹, Taylor T. Sivori¹, Natalie R. Schiano¹, Nicola Toole¹, Rachel L. Dumont¹, Danielle Flynn², Brian Freedman², Emily Bernabe²,

Methods

Procedures:

A manualized protocol, baseline characterization and outcome measures, and a sensory system training were developed.

Participants were recruited from professional networks via an email flyer.

Results

- 100% of registered children successfully received their vaccinations.
- 100% of respondents reported that the vaccine clinic met almost all of their needs and that they would return to the program if they needed another vaccination.





Discussion

- Pilot data supports the use of sensory adaptations for autistic children during vaccine administration.
- Sensory adaptations were rated with high levels of satisfaction, acceptability, and usefulness by participating caregivers.
- Feedback from participants indicate that areas for improvement could be in enhancing the waiting room experience or providing additional sensory toys.
- Preliminary findings reinforce importance of utilizing a manualized protocol to ensure successful implementation of sensory-friendly vaccine clinic procedures.







Satisfaction surveys were completed by the participants' caregiver at the clinic or virtually and scored using a 4-point Likert scale.

Sensory Systems Training



Vaccine Clinic Manual



Post-Clinic Caregiver Responses

"The staff was amazing times a million!"

"The whole team works very hard on making not just the patient but the family feel at ease."

"I will gladly drive 125 miles round trip."

Conclusion

- This study serves to advance the current body of evidence supporting sensory friendly healthcare interventions for autistic children.
 - Occupational therapy practitioners can serve as valuable consultants in outpatient primary care services.
 - The sensory friendly vaccine clinic underscores the benefits of interprofessional collaboration in healthcare settings shown in previous studies.
- Researchers should implement initiatives for parent education to increase awareness and understanding of sensory challenges and the benefits of sensory adaptations.